# Grade 7/8 Math Circles <br> February 19th, 2024 <br> Graph Theory: Isomorphisms - Problem Set 

For the first four questions consider the graph $G$ below:


1. For the graph $G$ answer the following questions:
(a) What is $V(G)$ ?
(b) What is $E(G)$ ?
(c) What are the neighbours and degree of each vertex in $G$ ?
(d) How many components does $G$ have?
2. Is $G$ isomorphic to the graph $H$ below? If yes provide an isomorphism if not explain why.

3. Is $G$ isomorphic to the graph $Q$ below? If yes provide an isomorphism if not explain why.

4. Is $G$ isomorphic to the graph $P$ below? If yes provide an isomorphism if not explain why.


For the next 4 Questions consider the isomorphic graphs $G$ and $Q$ below :


5. Is $f: V(G) \rightarrow V(Q)$ an isomorphism, where $f$ is the following map? If it is an isomorphism then prove it, if not then explain why: |  | $v$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $f(v)$ | $a$ | $b$ | $c$ | $d$ | $e$ | $f$ | $g$ | $h$ | $i$ | $j$ |
6. Is $f: V(G) \rightarrow V(Q)$ an isomorphism, where $f$ is the following map? If it is an isomorphism then prove it, if not then explain why: | $v$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $f(v)$ | $a$ | $b$ | $c$ | $d$ | $e$ | $a$ | $g$ | $h$ |
| $i$ |  | $j$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
7. Is $f: V(G) \rightarrow V(Q)$ an isomorphism, where $f$ is the following map? If it is an isomorphism then prove it, if not then explain why:

| $v$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(v)$ | $a$ | $h$ | $i$ | $d$ | $c$ | $b$ | $j$ | $f$ | $g$ | $e$ |

8. Is $f: V(G) \rightarrow V(Q)$ an isomorphism, where $f$ is the following map? If it is an isomorphism then prove it, if not then explain why:

| $v$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(v)$ | $b$ | $a$ | $f$ | $i$ | $c$ | $j$ | $g$ | $h$ | $d$ | $e$ |

9. Are the following two graphs $G$ and $Q$ isomorphic? If yes provide an isomorphism and it inverse, if not then state why.

10.     * The following two graphs $G$ and $Q$ not isomorphic. With one change how could you make these two graphs isomorphic? Prove that after the change the graphs are isomorphic.

11.     * The following two graphs $G$ and $Q$ not isomorphic. With one change how could you make these two graphs isomorphic? Prove that after the change the graphs are isomorphic.


12. ${ }^{* * *}$ Below are the graphs $P_{2}, P_{3}$, and $P_{4}$ from the family of Polygon Graphs, the polygon graph $P_{n}$ is simply the regular polygon with $n$ sides ( $P_{3}$ is a triangle, $P_{4}$ is a rectangle, $P_{5}$ is a pentagon etc):

(a) Draw and label the graphs $P_{5}, P_{6}$, and $P_{7}$.
(b) We define the complement of a graph G as $\bar{G}$ to be a graph with the same vertex set as G, but has an edge set in which any edge that is not in G is an edge of $\bar{G}$. Below are the graphs of $\bar{P}_{2}, \bar{P}_{3}$, and $\bar{P}_{4}$. Draw and label the graphs of $\bar{P}_{5}, \bar{P}_{6}$, and $\bar{P}_{7}$.

(c) Which of $P_{2}, P_{3}, P_{4}, P_{5}, P_{6}$, and $P_{7}$ are isomorphic to their complement, state which one(s) are isomorphic and provide and isomorphism.
(d) Besides the isomorphic graph(s) you found in part c is there any other graph in the Polygon Graph family which will be isomorphic to its complement? Explain your reasoning.
